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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/587,249	07/26/2006	Tomoharu Nishioka	SPL-06-1211	9642
	7590 07/29/201 ¹ DLA PIPER LLP (US)	EXAMINER		
ONE LIBERTY	PLACE	,	KASHNIKOW, ERIK	
PHILADELPH	ST, SUITE 4900 IA, PA 19103		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1782	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/29/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/587,249	NISHIOKA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	ERIK KASHNIKOW	1782
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
Period for Reply	VIO OET TO EVEIDE AMONTH	(O) OD THUDTY (OO) DAY(O
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 J</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowated closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims	•	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 12,13,17,19,21-23,27-29,31 and 33-4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 12,13,17,19,21-23,27-29, 31 and 33-7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration. -3 is/are rejected.	n.
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicat Pority documents have been receiv Nau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 12-13, 17, 19, 21-23, 27-29, 31 and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nishi et al (US 6,656,553) in view of Nishi et al (JP 07-173447) hereinafter Nishi JP.

In regards to claims 12-13 and 21 Nishi et al. teach a 3 layer tube with the inner most layer being a fluorine containing polymer with functional group which has reactivity with polyamide based resins, including terephthalic acid and 1,9-nonanediamine (claims 1 and 2 and column 5 lines 55 to column 6 line 65) and teaches an additional outer layer for the tube (claim 5) and gives polyamide 12 as an example of the polyamide for the outer layer (example 2). Further Nishi et al. teach that it is known in the art to add flame retardants, lubricants and dyes to fuel hoses to improve aesthetic properties, and protect against fires (6,656,553 column 8 lines 30-40).

3. In regards to claim 17 and 27 Nishi et al. teach in claim 1 that the fluorine layer is an ethylene/tetrafluoroethylene copolymer.

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4. In regards to claim 22 the intermediate layer taught by Nishi et al. would meet all the limitations of Applicant's layers (b) and (d). It teaches polyamides that maybe semi-aromatic polyamides that have terminal amino groups present in ratios which can fit the concentration limitations of applicant's claims (column 5 lines 55 to column 6 line 65). As such examiner points to MPEP 2144.04 section VI which states that duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless new and unexpected results are produced. As both layers are used to increase adhesion to the other layers no unexpected results would be produced. It is also pointed out that one would be motivated to double the layers, and place them adjacent to each other to increase the overall adhesive strength between all the layers. Nishi et al. further teaches that the tube can be co extruded (column 1 lines 50-60).

- 5. In regards to claim 23 Nishi et al. teach that the Polyamide layer can be an outer layer (claims 1 and 5-7).
- 6. In regards to claim and 28 Examiner treats these claims as product by process claims (MPEP 2113) and therefore patentability is defined by the product itself and not by the process, as such the terminal modified polyamine is the product and has been previously rejected. In this case the Applicant's and the reference teach a polyamide that has been modified by a diamine, in this instance, a product by process claim, the process of making the product, whether it be adding the diamine during the polymerization or after polymerization leads to the same product, and the claims are therefore rejected.

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7. In regards to claims 19, 29 and 31 Nishi et al. teach adding a conductivity imparting filler to the inner layer when the hose is to be used as a fuel hose/tube (column 9 lines 22-30).

- 8. As stated above Nishi teach a 3 layer tube with an outer polyamide layer and a fluoropolymer layer however they are silent with regards to the use of carboxylic anhydride groups used therein.
- 9. In regards to claims 12, 22 and 33-35 Nishi JP teach fluoropolymers with carboxylic anhydride groups therein which is useful for bonding to various organic and inorganic materials (claim 2), including polyamides (paragraph 0058).
- 10. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would be motivated to modify the invention of Nishi JP with that of Nishi et al. because the invention of Nishi JP offers firm adherence to a wide variety of substrates (paragraph 0001).
- 11. Claims 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nishi et al (US 6,656,553) in view of Nishi et al (JP 07-173447) hereinafter Nishi JP and Audenaert et al (US 2004/0077775).
- 12. As stated above Nishi et al. and Nishi JP teach a hose with 3 layers, wherein a polyamide layer is an outer layer and a fluoropolymer layer is an inner layer, however they are silent with regards the functional group of the fluoropolymer layer being itaconic acid anhydride.
- 13. Audenaert et al. teach a thermoplastic resin containing fluorine polymer for rendering substances oil, water or stain repellant (paragraph 0002)

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14. In regards to claims 36 and 37 Audenaert et al. teach that the functional group for the fluorine containing compound can be an itaconic acid anhydride (paragraph 0050), which applicants list in their specification as one of the preferred functional groups to be added to the fluorine containing polymer.

15. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the fuel tube of Nishi and Nishi JP with the fluorine containing polymer of Audenaert et al. because the tube of Nishi and Nishi would benefit from the improved oil repellant properties of the polymer of Audenaert et al. (column 1 lines 4-9) as well as increased interface affinity between the fluoropolymer and the thermoplastic polymer.

Response to Arguments

- 16. Applicant's arguments, see arguments, filed 06/07/2010, with respect to the Stoepplemann rejections and the 35 U.S.C. 112 rejections have been fully considered and are persuasive. These rejections of the claims have been withdrawn.
- 17. It is noted that claim 19, which had not previously been rejected by the Nishi et al. reference was added to the rejection, as such the action is non final.
- 18. In response to Applicant's arguments regarding the Nishi et al. reference it is noted that 12 aminododecanoic acid and dodecane lactam are not dicarboxylic acids or diamines. The claim languages requires that the dicarboxylic and diamine units present

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are 50 and 60 % by weight of all the diamine and dicarboxylic units, and not of all the units present, as such the Nishi et al. teach embodiments wherein the terephthalic acid and 1,9 nonane-diamine units are present in 100% mass by weight of all diamine and dicarboxylic units (column 5 line 55- column 7 line 17).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ERIK KASHNIKOW whose telephone number is (571)270-3475. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30-5:00PM EST (Second Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached on (571) 272-3186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Erik Kashnikow Examiner Art Unit 1782

/Rena L. Dye/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1794